

How much of your body is water

How Much of Your Body Is Water? A Deep Dive into Hydration and Health **
Water. The elixir of life. From the tiniest cell to the largest organ, water is the cornerstone of human existence. But how much of our body *actually* consists of this essential substance? Understanding the percentage of water in our bodies isn't just a fascinating biological fact; it's a crucial piece of the puzzle for maintaining optimal health. This comprehensive guide delves into the fascinating world of hydration, exploring the role of water in various bodily functions, the factors influencing its percentage, and the consequences of dehydration.

The Crucial Percentage: How Much Water is in Your Body? *The amount of water in your body varies depending on several factors, primarily age and body composition. Generally, a healthy adult is about 55-60% water. However, this percentage isn't static. Babies, for example, have a much higher water content, often exceeding 75%. Muscle tissue contains a higher proportion of water compared to fat tissue. Therefore, individuals with more muscle mass tend to have a higher water percentage than those with a greater percentage of body fat.* (Visual: Chart illustrating the average water percentage in different age groups and body types) | **Age Group | Average Water Percentage | Body Type (Approximate) |** |||| | **Newborn (0-3 months)** | ~75% | | | **Infant (4-12 months)** | ~65% | | | **Toddler (1-3 years)** | ~60% | | | **Child (4-12 years)** | ~60% | | | **Teenager (13-19 years)** | ~55% | | | **Adult (20-60 years)** | ~55-60% | | | **Elderly (60+)** | ~50% | | | **Male** | ~60% | | | **Female** | ~55% | | | **Why is Water Content Crucial?**

The Vital Role of Water in Body Function

Water is undeniably crucial for numerous bodily processes. It's a key component in:

- **Temperature Regulation:** Water helps regulate body temperature through perspiration, allowing us to cool down in hot environments.
- **Nutrient Transport:** Water acts as a carrier for essential nutrients, transporting them to cells throughout the body.
- **Waste Removal:** Water aids in the removal of waste products from the body through urine and sweat.
- **Lubrication:** Water lubricates joints and cushions vital organs.
- **Digestion:** Water is essential for proper digestion and absorption of nutrients from food.
- **Cellular Function:** Water is a critical component of every cell, maintaining their structure and function.

Factors Influencing Water Content

Numerous factors influence the percentage of water in your body.

- **Age:** As mentioned earlier, younger individuals generally have a higher water content.
- **Gender:** Men typically have a higher water content than women due to differences in body composition.
- **Body Composition:** Muscle tissue has a higher water content compared to fat tissue.
- **Health Conditions:** Certain illnesses and medications can affect water balance.
- **Hydration Status:** Maintaining adequate hydration significantly impacts the water percentage in your body.
- **Environmental Factors:** Exposure to extreme temperatures and high altitudes can influence water loss.

Unique Advantages (If Applicable): (Since "how much water is in your body" doesn't inherently have unique advantages, this section will address related themes):

Understanding Dehydration and Its Effects: Dehydration occurs when the body loses more water than it takes in. Mild dehydration can lead to fatigue, headaches, and reduced cognitive function. Severe dehydration can be life-threatening, causing organ damage and even death. It's critical to recognize the signs of dehydration and stay hydrated to maintain optimal health.

Maintaining Proper Hydration: Maintaining proper hydration is essential for overall well-being. This

involves: • **Regular Water Intake: Consuming enough water throughout the day, especially before, during, and after physical activity.** •

Hydration Monitoring: Paying attention to your body's signals (thirst) and adjusting water intake accordingly. • **Electrolyte Balance: Maintaining a balance of electrolytes, such as sodium and potassium, is equally important for proper hydration.**

The Relationship Between Water Intake and Weight Management: While water itself doesn't contribute significantly to weight loss, proper hydration can support weight management efforts in several ways: • **Boosting Metabolism: Water may slightly increase metabolism, potentially leading to a slight increase in calorie burn.**

• *Reducing Appetite: Adequate hydration can sometimes make you feel fuller, reducing the desire to overeat.* • *Supporting Exercise Performance:*

Water is crucial for exercising effectively. **Conclusion: Understanding the percentage of water in your body is a key aspect of comprehending your overall health. Maintaining a balanced water intake is not just a matter of hydration; it's fundamental to various bodily functions, from regulating temperature to transporting nutrients. Paying attention to your hydration status, recognizing the factors that influence it, and proactively maintaining adequate water intake are crucial steps toward a healthier and more balanced life.** **Frequently Asked Questions: 1. How much water should I drink per day? There's no one-size-fits-all answer, but general guidelines suggest 8 glasses of 8 ounces each. Individual needs vary based on activity level, climate, and health conditions. 2. What are the signs of dehydration? Early signs include thirst, headache, fatigue, and dry mouth. More severe symptoms may include dizziness, dark urine, and rapid heartbeat. 3. Can I drink too much water? While extremely rare, excessive water intake can lead to hyponatremia, which is a dangerous condition. 4. How does water content change with age? Water content decreases with age due to a natural decline in muscle mass and an increase in body fat. 5. How does water impact athletic performance?***

Water is essential for optimal athletic performance, especially during exercise. Dehydration can significantly reduce performance. This information is for

educational purposes only and does not constitute medical advice. Always consult with a healthcare professional for any health concerns.

How Much of Your Body is Water? A Deep Dive into Our Hydrated Selves

Ever stop to think about what you're made of? We're talking beyond bones, muscles, and organs. There's a silent, vital component that makes up the bulk of our existence, yet we often take it for granted: water. From the smallest cell to the grandest organ, water is the unsung hero of our biological symphony. But just how much of our body is actually water? Let's dive in and uncover the fascinating hydration secrets of the human body.

The Big Picture: What Percentage of Your Body is Water?

The simple answer to "how much of your body is water?" is a significant chunk. On average, an adult human body is composed of about **55-60% water**. Yes, you read that right! More than half of you is, in essence, liquid. This figure can fluctuate, of course, influenced by a variety of factors we'll explore shortly. It's a remarkable statistic that underscores the fundamental importance of water for every single bodily function.

Why So Much Water? The Essential Roles of H₂O

It's easy to ask "how much of your body is water?" but the more pressing question might be, "why?". Water isn't just sloshing around aimlessly; it's actively participating in and enabling almost every process that keeps you

alive and well. Think of it as the body's ultimate multi-tasker:

1. **Solvent Supreme:** Water is an exceptional solvent, meaning it dissolves many substances. This is crucial for transporting nutrients (like vitamins, minerals, and glucose) to your cells and carrying waste products (like urea and carbon dioxide) away for elimination.
2. **Temperature Regulator:** Ever feel clammy when you're hot? That's your body releasing sweat, which is mostly water. As sweat evaporates from your skin, it cools you down. Water's high heat capacity also helps your body maintain a stable internal temperature, even when the external environment fluctuates.
3. **Lubricant and Cushion:** Water acts as a lubricant for joints, reducing friction between bones. It also forms the basis of bodily fluids like saliva (aiding digestion) and mucus (protecting respiratory passages). Furthermore, water cushions and protects your organs and tissues, including your brain and spinal cord, from shock and damage.
4. **Chemical Reaction Facilitator:** Many of the complex chemical reactions that occur within your cells, essential for metabolism and energy production, require water as a medium. Without water, these vital processes would grind to a halt.
5. **Oxygen and Nutrient Delivery:** Water is a key component of blood, which is about 92% water. Blood plasma is the liquid part of your blood, and it's responsible for carrying oxygen, nutrients, hormones, and immune cells throughout your body.

Factors Influencing Your Personal Water Percentage

While 55-60% is a good general guideline, your personal hydration level isn't static. Several factors play a role in determining how much of your body is water:

Age: From Babies to the Elderly

Babies are the hydration champions of the human race. Their bodies are composed of around 75-78% water, reflecting their rapid growth and development. As we age, this percentage gradually decreases. By the time we reach adulthood, it settles into that familiar 55-60% range. In older adults, the water content can dip even further, sometimes as low as 50%. This decrease can make older individuals more susceptible to dehydration.

Sex: A Slight Difference

Generally, men tend to have a slightly higher percentage of body water than women. This is primarily due to differences in body composition. Men typically have more muscle mass, which holds more water, while women tend to have a higher proportion of body fat, which contains less water.

Body Composition: Muscle vs. Fat

This is a significant influencer. Muscle tissue is about 75% water, whereas fat tissue is only about 10-20% water. Therefore, individuals with more muscle mass will have a higher overall body water percentage compared to those with a higher percentage of body fat, assuming similar overall body weight.

Health Status: Illness and Hydration

Your health can significantly impact your body's water content. Illnesses that involve vomiting, diarrhea, or fever can lead to rapid fluid loss and dehydration, temporarily lowering your body's water percentage.

Conversely, certain medical conditions, like kidney disease or heart failure, can sometimes lead to fluid retention, increasing the overall water content.

Where is All This Water Stored?

The water in your body isn't just one big puddle. It's organized into different compartments, each serving specific functions. Understanding these compartments helps answer "how much of your body is water?" in a more nuanced way:

Intracellular Fluid (ICF): The Inside Story

The largest compartment, holding about two-thirds of your body's total water, is the **intracellular fluid**. This is the water found *inside* your cells. It's the bustling metropolis where most metabolic processes occur. Think of it as the internal environment of every single cell, enabling them to function, grow, and divide.

Extracellular Fluid (ECF): The Body's Highway System

The remaining one-third of your body's water is found *outside* your cells, collectively known as **extracellular fluid**. This fluid acts as the transport system, carrying vital substances and removing waste. The ECF is further divided into:

1. **Interstitial Fluid:** This fluid fills the spaces between your cells and surrounds them. It's the immediate environment that facilitates the exchange of nutrients and waste products between the blood and the cells.
2. **Intravascular Fluid:** This is the fluid component of blood, also known as plasma. It circulates within your blood vessels, transporting oxygen, nutrients, hormones, and immune cells to all parts of your body.
3. **Transcellular Fluid:** This is a smaller, more specialized category that includes fluids like cerebrospinal fluid (which protects your brain and

spinal cord), synovial fluid (which lubricates your joints), digestive juices, and fluid within your eyes.

Dehydration: When You Don't Have Enough Water

Now that we know "how much of your body is water," it's important to understand what happens when that balance is disturbed. Dehydration occurs when you lose more fluid than you take in, and even a small percentage of water loss can have significant consequences. Mild dehydration can lead to:

1. Thirst
2. Dry mouth
3. Reduced urine output
4. Fatigue
5. Headaches
6. Dizziness

As dehydration progresses, it can become more serious, affecting cognitive function, mood, and physical performance. Severe dehydration is a medical emergency that can lead to heatstroke, kidney failure, seizures, and even death. This highlights why staying adequately hydrated is not just about quenching thirst; it's about maintaining the fundamental integrity of your body's systems.

Staying Hydrated: Practical Tips for Optimal Water Intake

So, how do you ensure you're getting enough of this precious resource? The National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine recommend a daily fluid intake of about 15.5 cups (3.7 liters) for men and about 11.5 cups

(2.7 liters) for women. However, this is a general guideline, and your individual needs may vary. Here are some practical tips:

1. **Listen to Your Thirst:** Your body is usually good at signaling when it needs fluids. Don't ignore that feeling of thirst.
2. **Drink Water Throughout the Day:** Don't wait until you're parched. Sip water consistently, especially during and after physical activity, in hot weather, or when you're ill.
3. **Incorporate Water-Rich Foods:** Many fruits and vegetables have high water content. Think watermelon, cucumbers, strawberries, and oranges.
4. **Monitor Your Urine Color:** Pale yellow urine generally indicates good hydration, while dark yellow or amber urine can be a sign of dehydration.
5. **Be Mindful of Caffeine and Alcohol:** While these beverages contribute to fluid intake, they can also have a diuretic effect, meaning they can increase fluid loss. Consume them in moderation and counterbalance with plain water.
6. **Carry a Water Bottle:** Having a reusable water bottle handy makes it easier to sip throughout the day.

Conclusion: Water - The Essence of Life

The question "how much of your body is water?" leads us to a profound appreciation for this essential nutrient. From regulating our temperature and lubricating our joints to transporting vital substances and facilitating countless chemical reactions, water is truly the foundation of our existence. Understanding your body's hydration needs and prioritizing consistent water intake is one of the simplest yet most impactful things you can do for your overall health and well-being. So, the next time you take a sip of water, remember that you're not just quenching your thirst; you're nurturing the very essence of life within you.

The human body is a remarkable composition of various elements, but few facts are as fundamental and universally true as the proportion of water within us. Understanding how much of our body consists of water not only satisfies scientific curiosity but also reveals vital insights into health, physiology, and daily well-being. On average, the human body contains approximately 60% water, though this percentage varies depending on age, sex, body composition, and individual factors.

Water is not just a passive component; it is the lifeblood of bodily functions. In newborns, the water content can be even higher, reaching around 75–78%, reflecting their greater proportion of lean tissue and minimal fat. As we age, this percentage gradually declines—by adulthood, the average adult typically maintains around 55% to 65% water, with males generally having a higher baseline due to greater muscle mass, which is more water-dense than fat. Factors such as hydration habits, diet, climate exposure, and physical activity levels further influence this delicate balance, making each person's water composition uniquely tailored to their lifestyle.

This high water content underpins nearly every physiological process. From facilitating nutrient transport through the bloodstream to serving as a medium for biochemical reactions, water is indispensable. It regulates body temperature through sweating, cushions vital organs, supports joint lubrication, and aids in digestion and waste elimination. When hydration levels drop, even slightly, these systems begin to falter—fatigue, reduced cognitive function, and impaired physical performance often follow. Recognizing the body's water percentage helps individuals appreciate the importance of consistent hydration, not as a mere routine, but as a cornerstone of health maintenance.

Beyond personal wellness, understanding the composition of body water carries significant applications in medicine, sports performance, and nutrition science. Clinicians use hydration status as a key indicator in assessing patient health, especially in cases involving illness, injury, or metabolic disorders. Athletes, too, rely on precise knowledge of fluid balance to optimize endurance, prevent cramping, and enhance recovery.

In nutritional planning, knowing how much water the body contains supports balanced dietary recommendations, including fluid intake tailored to individual needs. As research advances, innovations in hydration monitoring—such as non-invasive sensors and personalized hydration algorithms—are emerging, promising more accurate, real-time insights into body water dynamics.

Looking ahead, the future of hydration science holds exciting potential. Scientists are deepening their understanding of how cellular water content influences aging, disease susceptibility, and metabolic health. Emerging studies suggest that maintaining optimal hydration may play a role in slowing age-related decline and supporting long-term vitality. With growing interest in personalized medicine and wearable health technology, integrating water composition data into daily health routines could become standard practice. Ultimately, recognizing that the human body is more than 60% water invites us to honor this profound truth—reminding us to nourish ourselves with intention, balance, and awareness.

The Astonishing Truth: How Much of Your Body is Water?

The human body, a marvel of biological engineering, is often described as a complex machine. But at its fundamental core, it's a testament to the power and ubiquity of water. From the microscopic dance of cells to the grand symphony of organ systems, water is the silent, essential conductor. So, the burning question, both for the curious layperson and the scientifically inclined, is: **how much of your body is water?** The answer, as you'll discover, is far more profound than a simple percentage.

While a commonly cited figure suggests that the average adult is around 60% water, this is a broad generalization. The reality is a dynamic interplay

of various factors, influencing this crucial percentage throughout our lives and even from day to day. Understanding this variability unlocks a deeper appreciation for the vital role water plays in every single bodily function.

Deconstructing the Water Content: A Cellular Perspective

To truly grasp the extent of water's presence, we need to zoom in on the building blocks of life: our cells. Each of our trillions of cells is a miniature aquatic environment. Intracellular fluid, the liquid within cells, constitutes roughly two-thirds of the total body water. This fluid is a bustling biochemical factory, where nutrients are broken down, energy is produced, and waste products are processed. Without this aqueous medium, cellular processes would grind to a halt, leading to rapid cellular death and, consequently, organ failure.

Extracellular fluid, the liquid surrounding cells, makes up the remaining one-third of body water. This compartment is further divided into interstitial fluid (filling the spaces between cells) and plasma (the liquid component of blood). Interstitial fluid acts as a transport system, delivering nutrients and oxygen to cells and removing metabolic waste. Plasma, on the other hand, is the lifeblood of our circulatory system, carrying blood cells, hormones, antibodies, and dissolved nutrients throughout the body. The delicate balance between intracellular and extracellular fluid is meticulously maintained by sophisticated physiological mechanisms, a testament to water's regulatory importance.

Factors Influencing Your Personal Water Percentage

The 60% figure is a starting point, but your individual water percentage is a moving target. Several key factors dictate how much water your body

holds:

Age: A Lifelong Journey with Water

Water content is significantly higher in infants. Newborns are composed of approximately 75-78% water, reflecting their rapid growth and development, which relies heavily on this essential molecule. As we transition into childhood and adulthood, this percentage gradually decreases. This decline is partly due to changes in body composition, with an increase in fat mass and a decrease in lean muscle mass, both of which have lower water content.

By the time we reach old age, the average water percentage can drop to around 50-55%. This age-related decline can contribute to certain physiological changes associated with aging, such as reduced skin elasticity and a slower metabolic rate. Understanding this age-related shift is crucial for ensuring adequate hydration across the lifespan.

Sex: A Biological Difference

Generally, men tend to have a slightly higher percentage of body water than women. This is primarily attributed to differences in body composition. Men typically have a higher proportion of muscle mass and a lower proportion of body fat compared to women. Since muscle tissue is about 75% water and fat tissue is only about 10-20% water, men naturally retain more fluid.

This difference, while statistically significant, is not a rigid rule and can be influenced by individual lifestyle and body fat percentage. It highlights how our biological makeup directly impacts our internal hydration levels.

Body Composition: Muscle vs. Fat

As hinted at above, body composition plays a pivotal role in determining water content. Lean body mass, which includes muscles, organs, and bones, is rich in water. Conversely, adipose tissue (body fat) has a much

lower water concentration. Therefore, individuals with a higher percentage of lean muscle mass will naturally have a higher overall body water percentage.

This is why athletes and physically active individuals often have a higher water content compared to those with a more sedentary lifestyle, even if they are of similar weight. Understanding this relationship underscores the importance of maintaining a healthy body composition, not just for aesthetics but for optimal internal hydration and metabolic function.

Hydration Levels: The Immediate Factor

Perhaps the most immediately variable factor influencing your body's water content is your current hydration status. When you drink water, your body absorbs it, increasing your overall water percentage. Conversely, when you sweat, urinate, or exhale, you lose water, temporarily decreasing this percentage. This is why staying consistently hydrated is so critical for maintaining health and optimal bodily function. Even a slight dehydration can have tangible effects on mood, cognitive function, and physical performance.

The Multifaceted Roles of Water in the Body

Beyond simply making up a significant portion of our mass, water is indispensable for life itself. Its unique properties enable it to perform a vast array of critical functions:

The Universal Solvent and Transport Medium

Water's remarkable ability to dissolve a wide range of substances makes it the body's ultimate solvent. Nutrients from food, electrolytes, vitamins, minerals, and waste products are all transported in aqueous solutions. Blood, which is about 92% water, circulates these vital components

throughout the body, ensuring that every cell receives what it needs and that waste products are efficiently removed.

Regulating Body Temperature

Maintaining a stable internal body temperature is crucial for survival. Water plays a central role in thermoregulation through sweating. When the body overheats, sweat glands release water onto the skin's surface. As this water evaporates, it absorbs heat from the body, effectively cooling us down. This intricate process prevents dangerous overheating during physical activity or in hot environments.

Lubrication and Protection

Water acts as a natural lubricant for our joints, reducing friction and allowing for smooth movement. Synovial fluid, which lubricates joints, is primarily composed of water. It also protects delicate tissues and organs. For instance, cerebrospinal fluid, which surrounds the brain and spinal cord, is largely water and acts as a shock absorber, cushioning these vital structures from injury.

Cellular Function and Metabolism

As mentioned earlier, water is the medium in which all biochemical reactions within cells occur. It participates directly in many metabolic processes, including hydrolysis, the process of breaking down complex molecules. Without sufficient water, these reactions slow down, impacting energy production and cellular repair.

Waste Elimination and Detoxification

The kidneys, vital organs for detoxification, rely heavily on water to filter waste products from the blood and excrete them as urine. Adequate water intake ensures that these waste products, such as urea and excess salts, are efficiently flushed out of the body, preventing their accumulation and potential harm.

Maintaining Optimal Hydration: More Than Just Thirst

Given the extensive roles of water, maintaining optimal hydration is paramount for overall health and well-being. While thirst is a primary indicator of dehydration, it's not always the most reliable. By the time you feel thirsty, you may already be experiencing mild dehydration.

Signs of dehydration can include:

1. Dry mouth and lips
2. Reduced urination or dark-colored urine
3. Fatigue and lethargy
4. Headaches
5. Dizziness
6. Muscle cramps
7. Dry skin

Conversely, overhydration, while less common, can also be detrimental, leading to a condition called hyponatremia, where sodium levels in the blood become dangerously diluted. This highlights the importance of finding a healthy balance.

How Much Water Do You Really Need?

The "eight glasses a day" rule is a popular guideline, but individual fluid needs vary considerably. Factors such as climate, activity level, diet, and overall health status all influence how much water you should consume. A general recommendation is to aim for around 2-3 liters (about 8-12 cups) of fluid per day, but it's essential to listen to your body and adjust accordingly.

Remember that fluids come from various sources, including water-rich foods like fruits and vegetables, as well as other beverages like herbal teas and milk. However, plain water remains the most effective and calorie-free

way to stay hydrated.

Conclusion: The Indispensable Water Within

The question "how much of your body is water?" reveals a fundamental truth about our existence. We are, quite literally, walking, talking reservoirs of this life-sustaining liquid. From the intricate workings of our cells to the efficient functioning of our organ systems, water is the silent, indispensable architect of our health. Recognizing its pervasive influence and prioritizing consistent hydration is not merely a health tip; it's an acknowledgment of the very essence of life within us.

Choosing to explore *How Much Of Your Body Is Water* often starts with curiosity. Sometimes the goal is clear, sometimes it is simply a desire to understand something better. Having the option to download the book in PDF format makes that first step easier and less intimidating.

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Affordability plays a quiet but important role. When cost barriers are reduced, exploration becomes more open. Readers feel encouraged to learn beyond immediate needs, discovering ideas they may not have sought out otherwise.

Students often appreciate the stability that downloadable books provide. Study materials remain available offline, notes stay organized, and revision becomes less stressful. This steady access supports consistent learning habits.

Professionals approach *How Much Of Your Body Is Water* with practical intent. The ability to consult specific sections when challenges arise makes the book a useful reference over time, not just a one-time read.

Independent learners value freedom. Without deadlines or external expectations, progress unfolds naturally. Downloadable content supports this autonomy by remaining accessible whenever interest returns.

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Global access connects readers across borders. People from different backgrounds engage with the same material, bringing diverse perspectives that enrich understanding.

Revisiting the content often reveals new insights. As experience grows, the same ideas can take on different meanings, adding depth to understanding.

Rather than pushing readers to finish quickly, *How Much Of Your Body Is Water* invites ongoing engagement. The material remains available, adaptable, and ready to support learning at different stages.

This approach encourages a relaxed relationship with knowledge. Learning becomes something to return to, not something to rush through.

Over time, the presence of a reliable resource builds confidence. Questions feel more manageable when information is always within reach.

In the end, accessing *How Much Of Your Body Is Water* in this way supports steady growth. It blends learning into everyday life, allowing understanding to develop gradually and naturally, guided by curiosity rather than pressure.

Questions & Answers About how much of your body is water

N o	Question	Answer
1	What's the magic percentage of water in the average human body?	Around 60% of an adult's body weight is water. This can vary slightly based on factors like age, sex, and body composition.
2	Does a baby's body have more water than an adult's?	Yes! Babies are born with a higher water content, typically around 75-78%. This gradually decreases as they grow.
3	Does muscle or fat hold more water?	Muscle tissue is more water-dense than fat tissue. Therefore, individuals with more muscle mass tend to have a slightly higher overall body water percentage.
4	Where is most of the water in my body actually stored?	The majority of your body's water is found within your cells (intracellular fluid). A smaller portion is found outside your cells in your blood plasma and interstitial fluid.
5	Why is staying hydrated so crucial for my body's functions?	Water is essential for virtually every bodily process, including regulating temperature, lubricating joints, transporting nutrients, flushing waste, and keeping organs functioning properly.
6	Can my body water percentage change throughout the day?	Absolutely! Your water percentage fluctuates with fluid intake, sweat, and other bodily processes. It's important to consistently replenish fluids.
7	Does gender affect how much water is in my body?	Generally, adult men tend to have a slightly higher percentage of body water than adult women, mainly due to differences in average muscle and fat mass.

8	What are the signs I might be dehydrated?	Common signs of dehydration include thirst, dry mouth, reduced urination, fatigue, dizziness, and even headaches. Listen to your body's cues!
9	Are there any organs that are exceptionally water-rich?	Yes! The brain and heart are composed of about 73% water, and the lungs are about 83% water. Even bones contain a significant amount of water, around 31%.

how much water is in the human body, percentage of body water percentage, body water percentage explained, water content in human body ounces, hydration levels by body water percentage, body composition water percentage, how much water weighs in human body, optimal hydration body water ratio, human body water percentage facts, amount of water in body composition

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