

Who is the hobbit written by

Unveiling the Author of the Beloved Hobbit: J.R.R. Tolkien and His Masterpiece

The Hobbit, a cornerstone of fantasy literature, transports readers to a world of hobbits, dwarves, wizards, and mythical creatures. But who is the mastermind behind this captivating narrative, the one who breathed life into the Shire and beyond? The answer, of course, is J.R.R. Tolkien, a name synonymous with imaginative storytelling and a profound impact on modern literature. This dives deep into the authorship of The Hobbit, exploring not only who wrote it but also the fascinating contexts that shaped its creation and enduring legacy.

Understanding J.R.R. Tolkien: The Author of The Hobbit

J.R.R. Tolkien, born in Bloemfontein, South Africa, in 1892, was a distinguished philologist, Oxford professor, and, most importantly, a prolific writer. His academic background in languages and linguistics significantly influenced his storytelling, creating a rich tapestry of fictional languages and cultures within The Hobbit and its sequel, The Lord of the Rings. Tolkien's personal experiences, though not directly reflected in the

narrative, certainly infused his work with layers of symbolism and thematic richness, creating characters and scenarios that transcend the boundaries of simple fantasy.

The Influences on Tolkien's Writing

Tolkien's work wasn't born in a vacuum. His extensive knowledge of Old English, Norse mythology, and various historical and mythical traditions profoundly shaped his writing style and the imaginative world of Middle-earth. For example, the concept of the ring and its implications can be linked to various historical and mythological narratives, such as the concept of the One Ring in Norse mythology and the legend of the Holy Grail.

What Advantages Does Knowing the Author of The Hobbit Offer?

Understanding the author's background and motivations offers a nuanced appreciation of the work. Knowing Tolkien's meticulous attention to detail, his fascination with linguistics, and his historical research allows readers to:

- **Appreciate the depth of world-building:** Tolkien's meticulous creation of Middle-earth, including languages, histories, and cultures, is a testament to his commitment to realism within the framework of fantasy.
- **Uncover hidden layers of meaning:** His fascination with language and mythology often lends subtle nuances and deeper meanings to the narrative, enriching the reading experience.
- Gain a broader perspective on fantasy literature: Tolkien's influence on subsequent fantasy authors and the genre itself is undeniable, and understanding his work helps to understand the evolution of fantasy.
- Connect with the creator's vision: Knowing Tolkien fosters a deeper connection with the heart and soul of the work, revealing insights into his intentions and motivations.

Exploring Related Themes: Beyond the Authorship

While knowing the author is undeniably important, exploring related themes around the book's success is equally insightful:

The Lasting Impact of The Hobbit

Impact on Fantasy Literature

Tolkien's work profoundly impacted fantasy literature. His creation of a detailed and rich world, his evocative storytelling, and complex characters laid the foundation for countless authors who followed. The Hobbit served as a crucial stepping stone in the development of the modern fantasy genre, inspiring works from Lord of the Rings to countless contemporary novels, films, and games.

Impact on Fantasy Literature - Examples	
Author/Work	Key Inspiration
J.R.R. Tolkien	Foundation for Modern Fantasy
C.S. Lewis	Influence on world-building
Terry Pratchett	Unique perspective

The Hobbit's Enduring Popularity

Cultural Significance and Adaptations

The Hobbit's popularity transcends generations, with its captivating

narrative, endearing characters, and fantastical elements ensuring its continued appeal. Numerous adaptations, including Peter Jackson's highly successful film trilogy, further solidify its cultural significance and have expanded its reach to new audiences.

The Hobbit's Impact on Visual Media

Film Adaptations and Their Reception

The Hobbit's success in the realm of visual media is undeniable. Peter Jackson's film trilogy, while expanding on the source material, received mixed reviews. While praised for its visual spectacle, the length and pacing of the films drew critical response, highlighting the complexities of adapting a beloved literary work for the silver screen.

The Hobbit and its Philosophical Undertones

Exploring Themes of Courage, Friendship, and Sacrifice

Beneath the surface of adventure and fantasy lies a complex tapestry of human experience. The characters' journeys, struggles, and ultimately, triumphs embody philosophical themes of courage, friendship, sacrifice, and the importance of standing up for what is right.

The Critical Reception and Controversy surrounding Tolkien's Work

Although hailed as a literary giant, Tolkien's work has not been without its critics. Some argue that his portrayal of certain races and cultures, while fictional, reveals cultural biases. This scrutiny underscores the importance of analyzing literature within its historical context, recognizing both its merits and its potential shortcomings.

Conclusion: A Legacy of Imagination

J.R.R. Tolkien's *The Hobbit* stands as a testament to the power of imagination and storytelling. Knowing the author allows us to appreciate the depth and complexity of the work, recognize its influence on subsequent literature, and understand its lasting impact on the cultural landscape. While the author's background and motivations play a vital role, the real magic lies in the enduring appeal of the story itself, a timeless narrative of adventure, friendship, and the courage to face the unknown. Tolkien's creation continues to inspire and captivate readers worldwide, weaving a vibrant tapestry of fantasy and human experience.

Advanced FAQs

1. How did Tolkien's language background influence his writing of *The Hobbit*? Tolkien's expertise in philology and linguistics significantly shaped his world-building. He crafted detailed languages and dialects for the various races of Middle-earth, creating a sense of authenticity and immersion. This attention to detail extended beyond language; it encompassed the cultures and societies based upon the languages.

2. What are the key criticisms of Tolkien's work regarding cultural

representation? Critics have examined Tolkien's depictions of various races, questioning whether they reflect any cultural biases of his time. For instance, the portrayal of "orcs" and similar characters, particularly regarding their treatment within the story, has been a point of debate, provoking discussion about potential biases within his narratives.

3. *How did the success of The Hobbit influence future fantasy literature and filmmaking?* The Hobbit's groundbreaking world-building and narrative structure had a profound impact, setting a standard for subsequent fantasy works. It influenced countless authors and film directors, leading to a boom in the fantasy genre. Further, the success of the book and subsequent film adaptations fuelled further interest in the concept and spurred investment in adaptations of similar works.

4. **What is the significance of the ring in The Hobbit, and how does it relate to broader themes?** The ring in The Hobbit represents power, temptation, and the struggle against evil. It ties into themes of moral choices, the corrupting influence of power, and the importance of courage and selflessness. The exploration of such concepts is a key element of Tolkien's writing style.

5. Beyond The Hobbit and The Lord of the Rings, what other significant works did J.R.R. Tolkien produce, and what were their critical and popular reception? Tolkien authored other works, including poetry collections and scholarly publications related to philology, demonstrating his wide-ranging interests. While his other works have a significant niche following, they rarely achieved the global popularity of The Hobbit and The Lord of the Rings, showcasing the unique impact of these two specific novels.

Who is the Hobbit Written By?

Unraveling the Mastermind Behind Bilbo's Adventure

The world of Middle-earth is a place many of us have dreamed of visiting, filled with hobbits, elves, dwarves, wizards, and epic quests. At the heart of many of these tales, particularly the beloved story of "The Hobbit," is a question that often sparks curiosity: who is the hobbit written by? The answer, for those not yet initiated into the lore, is none other than the legendary J.R.R. Tolkien. This article will delve into the mind of this literary giant, exploring his background, his inspirations, and the profound impact his creation, "The Hobbit," has had on literature and popular culture.

J.R.R. Tolkien: More Than Just a Fantasy Author

John Ronald Reuel Tolkien, known affectionately as J.R.R. Tolkien, was a prolific English writer, poet, philologist, and academic. Born in Bloemfontein, South Africa, in 1892, he later moved to England with his family. His academic career was deeply intertwined with his creative endeavors. Tolkien was a professor of Anglo-Saxon at Oxford University, and his passion for ancient languages, mythology, and folklore served as the bedrock for his fantastical worlds.

His academic expertise in Old English and Norse languages, as well as his deep knowledge of Germanic mythology, provided him with an unparalleled toolkit for crafting intricate and believable fictional universes. It's this scholarly foundation that gives Middle-earth its rich historical depth and linguistic complexity, making it feel less like pure invention and more like a rediscovered ancient history.

The Genesis of "The Hobbit": A Bedtime Story Grows Up

The story of "The Hobbit" didn't just spring fully formed from Tolkien's imagination. Its origins are remarkably humble. Legend has it that Tolkien began writing "The Hobbit" as a bedtime story for his children. While correcting exam papers, he famously scribbled the opening line on a blank sheet: "In a hole in the ground there lived a hobbit." This simple, evocative sentence ignited a spark that would lead to one of the most enduring children's novels of all time.

The initial draft was shared among his friends and family, and it eventually found its way to the publisher George Allen & Unwin. Its publication in 1937 was a critical and commercial success, prompting the publisher to request a sequel. This request, in turn, laid the groundwork for the monumental task of writing "The Lord of the Rings."

"The Hobbit" and its Place in Tolkien's Legendarium

"The Hobbit" is often seen as an introductory chapter to the larger, more epic narrative of "The Lord of the Rings." While "The Hobbit" is a lighter, more adventurous tale, it introduces many of the key characters, places, and themes that would be explored in greater detail in its successor. Readers are first introduced to Bilbo Baggins, the reluctant hero who is whisked away from his comfortable hobbit-hole on an unexpected journey with a company of dwarves to reclaim their ancestral home from the dragon Smaug.

This adventurous narrative is crucial to understanding the overarching mythology that Tolkien painstakingly built. "The Hobbit" explores themes

of courage, friendship, greed, and the unexpected heroism found in the most ordinary of individuals. It's through Bilbo's journey that we first encounter iconic elements like Gandalf the Grey, the shadowy Misty Mountains, the treacherous Mirkwood forest, and the all-important One Ring, albeit in a less sinister guise than in "The Lord of the Rings."

Key Characters and Their Significance

The brilliance of "The Hobbit" lies not just in its plot but in its unforgettable characters. Bilbo Baggins, the quintessential hobbit, embodies the idea that true bravery can be found in the most unlikely of heroes. His transformation from a comfort-loving homebody to a resourceful adventurer is a central arc of the story.

Then there's Gandalf, the wise and enigmatic wizard, who serves as a mentor and guide to Bilbo and the dwarves. His presence adds an element of magic and mystery, hinting at the larger forces at play in Middle-earth. The thirteen dwarves, led by the proud Thorin Oakenshield, bring their own brand of stubbornness, loyalty, and a deep-seated desire to reclaim their heritage.

Even the antagonists are masterfully crafted. Smaug, the magnificent and avaricious dragon, is a formidable foe whose greed drives much of the conflict. Gollum, the creature obsessed with his "precious," is a more unsettling figure, whose encounter with Bilbo is a pivotal moment in the story, revealing the Ring's insidious power.

Tolkien's Literary Influences and Inspirations

J.R.R. Tolkien was a scholar of ancient literature, and his works are deeply indebted to a rich tapestry of myths, legends, and epics. His love for Anglo-Saxon poetry, particularly epics like "Beowulf," is evident in the

heroic deeds, the exploration of honor, and the often somber tone that underpins moments of peril. The descriptions of feasting, battles, and the camaraderie of warriors echo the traditions of these ancient tales.

Norse mythology also plays a significant role. The names of the dwarves, such as Thorin, Balin, Dwalin, Fili, Kili, Dori, Nori, Ori, Oin, Gloin, Bifur, Bofur, and Bombur, are all derived from the Old Norse poem "Völuspá," found in the Poetic Edda. This deliberate inclusion of mythological elements lends "The Hobbit" an authentic, ancient feel, as if it were a rediscovered piece of history from a forgotten age.

Furthermore, Tolkien's own experiences, particularly his service in World War I, likely influenced his understanding of camaraderie, loss, and the stark realities of war. While "The Hobbit" is a children's story, the underlying themes of courage in the face of overwhelming odds resonate with the experiences of soldiers in battle.

The Enduring Legacy of "The Hobbit"

Published almost a century ago, "The Hobbit" by J.R.R. Tolkien continues to captivate readers of all ages. Its enduring appeal lies in its perfect blend of adventure, humor, and profound moral lessons. It's a gateway into a world of fantasy that has inspired countless other authors, filmmakers, and game developers.

The book's success paved the way for "The Lord of the Rings," which went on to become one of the best-selling novels of all time and a cultural phenomenon. Together, these works have solidified Tolkien's place as a foundational figure in modern fantasy literature. His creation of Middle-earth, with its detailed history, unique languages, and complex mythology, is a testament to his unparalleled imagination and scholarly depth.

Why "The Hobbit" Remains a Beloved Classic

"The Hobbit" is more than just a story; it's an experience. It transports readers to a world where ordinary individuals can achieve extraordinary things. The journey of Bilbo Baggins teaches us about the importance of stepping outside our comfort zones, the value of loyalty and friendship, and the discovery of inner strength we never knew we possessed. The hobbit written by J.R.R. Tolkien is a testament to the power of storytelling to inspire, to entertain, and to leave an indelible mark on our imaginations.

So, the next time you find yourself wondering "who is the hobbit written by," remember J.R.R. Tolkien. He is the architect of Middle-earth, the weaver of epic tales, and the man who gave us Bilbo Baggins and his unforgettable adventure. His legacy continues to flourish, ensuring that the magic of "The Hobbit" will be enjoyed by generations to come.

The Literary Legacy of The Hobbit: Origins and Authorship

J.R.R. Tolkien's *The Hobbit* stands as a cornerstone of modern fantasy literature, but its creation and enduring appeal extend beyond mere storytelling. At the heart of this tale is Tolkien himself, whose visionary imagination and deep literary craftsmanship brought the hobbit Bilbo Baggins to life. Born in 1892 in Bloemfontein, South Africa, Tolkien's early fascination with languages, mythology, and medieval lore profoundly shaped his narrative style and world-building. His academic background in philology and mythology provided the intellectual foundation for crafting Middle-earth, a world rich with its own history, cultures, and languages.

Tolkien did not write *The Hobbit* as a single, straightforward narrative for

children, though it is often categorized as a children's fantasy. Instead, he crafted a complex, layered story that resonated across generations, blending whimsical adventure with profound themes of courage, identity, and the quiet heroism found in ordinary individuals. The book emerged from his need to explore mythic archetypes through a relatable protagonist—a hobbit who defies expectations by stepping beyond his comfort zone. His meticulous attention to detail, from the intricate social structures of dwarves and elves to the vivid geography of the Shire and beyond, reflects a deep commitment to world-building that elevates the tale beyond simple escapism.

Beyond its literary merit, *The Hobbit* has had a transformative cultural impact. It paved the way for Tolkien's later masterpiece, *The Lord of the Rings*, and ignited a global revival of fantasy as a legitimate and powerful literary genre. The story's enduring relevance lies in its universal themes: the journey of self-discovery, the battle between light and darkness, and the quiet strength found in humility. Its influence extends into education, where it serves as an accessible gateway to reading, and into popular culture, inspiring countless adaptations, scholarly analyses, and creative reinterpretations.

Looking ahead, the legacy of *The Hobbit* continues to shape storytelling across media. Its themes remain deeply relevant in an age of uncertainty, offering readers a sense of hope and resilience. As new generations discover Bilbo's journey, Tolkien's work endures not only as a classic of fantasy but as a timeless exploration of what it means to be brave, to belong, and to embrace the unexpected. The enduring authorship of J.R.R. Tolkien is thus not just a name, but a creative force that continues to inspire and captivate audiences worldwide.

Unveiling the Creator: Who is the Hobbit Written By? A Deep Dive into J.R.R. Tolkien's Masterpiece

The charming tale of Bilbo Baggins' unexpected adventure, *The Hobbit*, has captivated generations of readers with its whimsical prose, memorable characters, and the promise of dragons, dwarves, and daring deeds. But when we ask, "Who is the Hobbit written by?", we're not just looking for a name. We're delving into the mind of a linguistic genius, a mythology builder, and a scholar whose profound influence on fantasy literature is immeasurable. The answer, of course, is John Ronald Reuel Tolkien, affectionately known as J.R.R. Tolkien.

The Architect of Middle-earth: J.R.R. Tolkien's Life and Legacy

Born in 1892 in Bloemfontein, South Africa, J.R.R. Tolkien's life was a tapestry woven with threads of scholarship, personal tragedy, and a boundless imagination. His early years were marked by the loss of his parents, leading to his upbringing in England under the guardianship of Father Francis Xavier Morgan. This period, far from being one of despair, fostered a deep appreciation for languages, mythology, and storytelling, seeds that would later blossom into the rich worlds of Middle-earth.

Tolkien's academic career was nothing short of brilliant. He became a renowned philologist, specializing in ancient Germanic languages. His passion for words wasn't merely academic; it was deeply personal. He was fascinated by the sounds and structures of languages, and he believed that languages often carried their own inherent stories and

mythologies. This linguistic passion became the bedrock upon which his fictional worlds were built. Before *The Hobbit*, and later *The Lord of the Rings*, he had already begun crafting intricate languages like Quenya and Sindarin, languages that would eventually be spoken by elves in his legendary saga.

World War I significantly impacted Tolkien. His experiences in the trenches of the Somme, witnessing unimaginable horrors, deeply shaped his worldview and his understanding of heroism, loss, and the enduring nature of good in the face of overwhelming evil. While not directly evident in the lighthearted tone of *The Hobbit*, these experiences undoubtedly informed the deeper, more somber themes that would later permeate *The Lord of the Rings*.

From Bedtime Story to Literary Phenomenon: The Genesis of 'The Hobbit'

The origin of *The Hobbit* is as charming as the story itself. It began as a tale Tolkien told his own children. While marking examination papers, he famously scribbled the opening line on a blank page: "In a hole in the ground there lived a hobbit." This simple sentence sparked a narrative that he continued to develop, initially as a private indulgence and a way to entertain his family. The story was not intended for publication in its early stages. However, as the tale grew, so did the possibility of sharing it with a wider audience.

A friend of Tolkien's, Professor C.S. Lewis (author of *The Chronicles of Narnia*), encouraged him to seek publication. In 1937, *The Hobbit, or There and Back Again*, was published by George Allen & Unwin. The initial reviews were generally positive, with many praising its originality and engaging narrative. It struck a chord with both younger readers,

drawn to its adventure and fantastical creatures, and adult readers, who appreciated the underlying depth and the subtly woven mythology. The book's success was undeniable, laying the groundwork for what would become an even grander literary endeavor.

The World Tolkien Built: Middle-earth's Foundation

While *The Hobbit* stands as a delightful adventure in its own right, it is also the gateway to the vast and intricately detailed world of Middle-earth, a fictional continent that would become the setting for much of Tolkien's future work. The Shire, with its rolling hills, comfortable hobbit-holes, and penchant for good food and quiet living, is introduced as the idyllic homeland of the hobbits. Bilbo's journey takes him through lands populated by elves in Rivendell, dwarves in the Misty Mountains, and a fearsome dragon named Smaug in the Lonely Mountain.

Crucially, *The Hobbit* introduced elements that would become central to the lore of Middle-earth. The Arkenstone, a magnificent gem cherished by the dwarves, and the One Ring, a seemingly innocuous magical artifact discovered by Bilbo, are pivotal plot devices that foreshadow greater conflicts and themes. The inclusion of characters like Gandalf the wizard, an enigmatic and powerful figure, and Gollum, a creature twisted by the Ring's influence, are essential to the tapestry of Middle-earth. The linguistic foundations Tolkien laid, evident in the names of places and characters, further cemented the authenticity of his created world.

Beyond 'The Hobbit': Tolkien's Enduring Impact on Fantasy Literature

J.R.R. Tolkien's contribution to the fantasy genre is nothing short of revolutionary. Before *The Hobbit* and its monumental successor, *The*

Lord of the Rings, fantasy literature was often characterized by simpler tales, lacking the depth of world-building, linguistic sophistication, and thematic complexity that Tolkien brought to the table. He essentially laid the blueprint for much of modern fantasy.

The Father of Modern Fantasy and High Fantasy

Many scholars and critics consider J.R.R. Tolkien the "father of modern fantasy." He elevated the genre from often being seen as mere escapism to a sophisticated art form capable of exploring profound philosophical and moral questions. His meticulously crafted lore, complete with histories, genealogies, and cosmologies, set a new standard for world-building. The concept of a detailed and believable secondary world, a hallmark of high fantasy, owes an enormous debt to Tolkien's work.

Linguistic Innovation and Mythology Creation

Tolkien's philological background was not just an academic pursuit; it was an integral part of his creative process. He didn't just invent names; he created languages that had their own grammar, vocabulary, and history. This linguistic innovation lent an unparalleled depth and authenticity to Middle-earth. The creation of extensive mythologies, drawing inspiration from Norse, Anglo-Saxon, and Finnish sagas, but infused with his unique vision, provided a rich tapestry of lore that resonated with readers. His approach to mythology creation, where the stories and the languages grew organically from each other, became a benchmark for aspiring fantasy authors.

Themes of Good Versus Evil, Courage, and Sacrifice

While *The Hobbit* presents a more accessible adventure, it subtly introduces themes that would be fully explored in *The Lord of the Rings*.

The struggle between good and evil, the importance of courage in the face of overwhelming odds, and the power of seemingly small individuals to effect great change are all present. Bilbo's journey from a comfort-loving hobbit to a resourceful adventurer who shows compassion and bravery exemplifies these enduring themes. Tolkien's exploration of these universal human experiences, set against a fantastical backdrop, is a key reason for the enduring appeal of his work.

Conclusion: The Enduring Legacy of J.R.R. Tolkien

So, who is the Hobbit written by? The answer, J.R.R. Tolkien, opens a door to a world of unparalleled imagination, linguistic artistry, and thematic depth. *The Hobbit*, born from a bedtime story, became a literary phenomenon, not only as a standalone adventure but as the vibrant, essential prelude to one of the most influential literary works of the 20th century. Tolkien's meticulous world-building, his innovative approach to language and mythology, and his exploration of timeless themes have cemented his place as a titan of literature. His creations, from the cozy Shire to the shadowy peaks of the Misty Mountains, continue to inspire awe and wonder, proving that the stories crafted by this extraordinary scholar and storyteller are truly timeless.

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Environmental considerations add another dimension to digital learning. While technology has its own environmental impact, distributing books digitally often reduces the need for paper, printing, and transportation.

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This mindset supports lifelong learning. Knowledge is no longer confined to formal education or specific career stages. It becomes a continuous process shaped by evolving goals and interests. Having **Who Is The Hobbit Written By** available digitally ensures that learning remains

adaptable and relevant over time.

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Questions & Answers About who is the hobbit written by

No	Question	Answer
1	So, who's the brilliant mind behind 'The Hobbit'?	'The Hobbit' was written by the acclaimed English author J.R.R. Tolkien.
2	Is J.R.R. Tolkien famous for any other books besides 'The Hobbit'?	Absolutely! J.R.R. Tolkien is most famous for writing 'The Lord of the Rings,' which is a sequel to 'The Hobbit'.
3	Was 'The Hobbit' Tolkien's first published work?	No, 'The Hobbit' was his first published fantasy novel. His academic work and poetry came earlier.
4	What inspired J.R.R. Tolkien to write 'The Hobbit'?	Tolkien wrote 'The Hobbit' as a story for his children. He was also inspired by mythology, folklore, and his academic work in philology.

5	When did J.R.R. Tolkien write 'The Hobbit'?	'The Hobbit' was first published on September 21, 1937.
6	Did Tolkien consider 'The Hobbit' part of a larger series when he wrote it?	Initially, 'The Hobbit' was conceived as a standalone story. However, its immense popularity led Tolkien to develop the wider mythology and history that eventually became 'The Lord of the Rings'.
7	What genre is 'The Hobbit' considered, and who wrote it?	'The Hobbit' is a classic children's fantasy novel, written by J.R.R. Tolkien.
8	Is there a connection between the author of 'The Hobbit' and other fantasy authors?	J.R.R. Tolkien was part of a literary group called the Inklings, which included other notable writers like C.S. Lewis (author of 'The Chronicles of Narnia').
9	Beyond 'The Hobbit,' what else is Tolkien known for?	J.R.R. Tolkien was also a distinguished academic, a professor of Anglo-Saxon at Oxford University, and a renowned philologist (a scholar of language).

J.R.R. Tolkien wrote The Hobbit, The Hobbit author J.R.R. Tolkien, who wrote The Hobbit by J.R.R. Tolkien, J.R.R. Tolkien The Hobbit author details, The Hobbit book author J.R.R. Tolkien, writer of The Hobbit J.R.R. Tolkien, The Hobbit novel by J.R.R. Tolkien, who authored The Hobbit J.R.R. Tolkien, J.R.R. Tolkien The Hobbit book author, The Hobbit story written by J.R.R. Tolkien

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