

What are multiples in maths

Unveiling the Secrets of Multiples in Mathematics: A Comprehensive Guide

*** Mathematics, the language of the universe, often employs seemingly simple concepts that hold profound significance. One such concept is that of multiples. Understanding multiples is fundamental to grasping a wide array of mathematical principles, from basic arithmetic to more advanced concepts like prime factorization and number theory. This comprehensive guide will delve deep into the world of multiples, exploring their definition, properties, and applications. We'll uncover the strategies for identifying and calculating multiples, and examine both the advantages and potential challenges associated with working with them. What are Multiples in Maths? A multiple of a number is the product of that number and any whole number. In simpler terms, if you repeatedly add a number to itself, the resulting sums are multiples of that number. For instance, multiples of 3 are: 3, 6, 9, 12, 15, and so on. Mathematically, if 'n' is a whole number and 'a' is another whole number, then 'na' is a multiple of 'a'.*

Key Characteristics of Multiples

- Product of a Whole Number: A multiple is always the result of multiplying a whole number by another whole number.
- Repeated Addition: Multiples can also be viewed as the result of repeatedly adding the initial number to itself.
- Ordered Sequence: Multiples of a given number form an ordered sequence that increases progressively.

Identifying and Calculating Multiples

The process of identifying and calculating multiples is straightforward. Simply multiply the given number by successive whole numbers (1, 2, 3, etc.). Example: *Let's find the first five multiples of 4:* • $4 \times 1 = 4$ • $4 \times 2 = 8$ • $4 \times 3 = 12$ • $4 \times 4 = 16$ • $4 \times 5 = 20$
The first five multiples of 4 are 4, 8, 12, 16, and 20. Exploring the Advantages (and Absence of Disadvantages) in Context: **While multiples themselves don't have inherent disadvantages, their application within mathematical contexts can sometimes present challenges for learners.**

- Foundation for Other Concepts: Understanding multiples is crucial for mastering more complex concepts, like:
- Finding the Least Common Multiple (LCM): The smallest multiple shared by two or more numbers.
- Finding the Greatest Common Factor (GCF): The largest factor common to two or more numbers.
- Fractions and Decimals: Multiples underpin the simplification and comparison of fractions.
- Number Theory: Multiples are integral to understanding divisibility rules and prime factorization.
- Problem Solving: Multiples facilitate

effective problem-solving across various mathematical domains, from word problems to more abstract scenarios. Real-World Applications **Multiples are not just theoretical constructs; they have practical applications in diverse areas:**

- Scheduling and Time Management: **Multiples are employed in determining regular intervals in schedules (e.g., buses arriving every 20 minutes).**
- Resource Allocation: **Multiple copies of a resource can be considered to achieve a balanced allocation across units.**
- Patterns and Sequences: *Multiples often underlie recurring patterns in number sequences.*

Advanced Techniques

Determining Patterns in Multiples

Multiples of a number often exhibit distinct patterns. For example, multiples of 5 always end in either 0 or 5. Understanding these patterns can aid in quick calculations and problem-solving.

Identifying Multiples of Different Numbers

Finding multiples of different numbers can be done systematically using the multiplication table. Understanding how multiples grow can accelerate the process.

Example: | **Number** | **Multiples** | ||| | **2** | **2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16** | | **3** | **3, 6, 9, 12, 15, 18, 21, 24** | | **5** | **5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40** |

Case Study: Multiples in Scheduling **A bus company wants to ensure that buses leave every 15 minutes. To determine the times when buses will depart, they need to understand the multiples of 15. This knowledge allows them to schedule efficient routes.**

Common Misconceptions

- Multiples are Always Larger: **While multiples often increase, it's crucial to understand that 1 is a multiple of every number (since any number multiplied by 1 equals itself).**
- Multiples vs. Factors: **Multiples are the result of multiplying a number by another, whereas factors are numbers that divide exactly into a given number.**

Conclusion **Multiples are fundamental building blocks in mathematics.**

Understanding their concept, properties, and applications unlocks a gateway to deeper mathematical comprehension. This knowledge becomes critical as you progress from elementary arithmetic to higher-level concepts. By grasping multiples, you're laying the groundwork for solving problems in a multitude of disciplines.

Advanced FAQs

1. What is the Least Common Multiple (LCM) of two numbers, say 12 and 18? **(Answer: 36)**
2. How can you determine if a number is a multiple of another? **(Answer: Divide the number by the potential multiple; if the result is an exact whole number, it's a multiple.)**
3. Are there any limitations to the application of multiples? **(Answer: While multiples are crucial for many purposes, they might not directly address certain complex algebraic or geometric problems.)**
4. Can multiples ever be negative? **(Answer: Yes. For instance, -6 is a multiple of 3, since $-6 = 3 * -2$)**
5. What is the relationship between multiples and prime factorization? **(Answer: Prime factorization helps us understand the building blocks of a number, which in turn helps in finding its multiples. A number's**

multiples will contain all the prime factors of that number.) This comprehensive guide should now equip you with a solid understanding of multiples in mathematics. We encourage further exploration into more advanced applications and concepts. Remember, a strong foundation in multiples is key to unlocking the mysteries of higher mathematics.

What Are Multiples in Maths? Unlocking the Building Blocks of Numbers

Have you ever wondered how numbers seem to repeat themselves in patterns? Whether you're helping a child with their homework, brushing up on your own math skills, or simply curious about the fundamental concepts that underpin arithmetic, understanding **what are multiples in maths** is a crucial stepping stone. Far from being just an abstract idea, multiples are everywhere, from calculating how many cookies you'll need for a party to understanding the rhythm of music. Let's dive in and demystify these fascinating number sequences!

The Simple Definition: What Exactly is a Multiple?

At its core, a multiple of a number is the result you get when you multiply that number by any whole number (also known as an integer). Think of it as a number "going on a repeating adventure" with whole number multipliers. Let's break this down with an example. Consider the number 3. $3 \times 1 = 3$, $3 \times 2 = 6$, $3 \times 3 = 9$, $3 \times 4 = 12$, $3 \times 5 = 15$. The numbers 3, 6, 9, 12, 15, and so on, are all **multiples of 3**. The sequence of multiples for any given number is infinite, meaning it goes on forever!

Exploring Multiples: A Closer Look at the Pattern

Understanding the definition is the first step, but truly grasping multiples involves recognizing their inherent patterns.

The Multiplication Table Connection

Perhaps the most familiar way to encounter multiples is through your multiplication tables. If you know your 7 times table (7, 14, 21, 28, 35...), you already know the first few multiples of 7. Each entry in a multiplication table is a multiple of the number it represents. This is a fantastic starting point for younger learners, as it connects a known concept to the new idea of multiples.

The "Skip Counting" Method

Another intuitive way to think about multiples is through "skip counting." * To find multiples of 4, you start at 4 and keep adding 4: 4, 8, 12, 16, 20... * To find multiples of 10, you start at 10 and keep adding 10: 10, 20, 30, 40, 50... This method visually

reinforces the idea that multiples are built upon adding the original number repeatedly. It's a highly effective strategy for building number sense and understanding the additive nature of multiples.

Why Are Multiples Important in Maths? Uncovering Their Significance

You might be asking, "Why do we even need to learn about multiples?" The answer is that they are foundational to many more advanced mathematical concepts and practical applications.

Building Blocks for More Complex Ideas

Common Multiples: When you look at multiples of two or more numbers, you'll notice that some numbers appear in both lists. These are called **common multiples**. For example, the multiples of 4 are 4, 8, 12, 16, 20, 24... and the multiples of 6 are 6, 12, 18, 24, 30... The common multiples of 4 and 6 are 12, 24, and so on.

Least Common Multiple (LCM): Among these common multiples, there's always a smallest one (excluding zero). This is the **Least Common Multiple (LCM)**. The LCM of 4 and 6 is 12. The LCM is incredibly useful in adding and subtracting fractions with different denominators. Imagine trying to add $\frac{1}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{6}$. You need to find a common denominator, which is essentially finding a common multiple. The LCM gives you the smallest, most efficient common denominator.

Factors and Divisibility: The concept of multiples is intrinsically linked to **factors** and **divisibility**. If 'a' is a multiple of 'b', then 'b' is a factor of 'a', and 'a' is divisible by 'b'. For instance, 12 is a multiple of 3, meaning 3 is a factor of 12, and 12 can be divided by 3 without a remainder. This relationship is key to understanding number theory, prime factorization, and simplifying expressions.

Real-World Applications of Multiples

Multiples aren't confined to textbooks; they are practical tools we use every day.

Time: Think about clocks. The minutes are multiples of 1, and the hours are multiples of 12 (or 24 in a 24-hour format). If you need to meet someone in 30 minutes, you're calculating a multiple of 30 minutes.

Money: When dealing with currencies, you often encounter multiples. If a single item costs \$2, then 5 items will cost \$10 ($5 \times \2).

Cooking and Baking: Recipes often call for ingredients in specific quantities. If a recipe serves 4 people and you need to serve 8, you'll double all the ingredient amounts – essentially multiplying them by 2. This is a direct application of multiples.

Measurement and Units: Converting units often involves multiples. For example, there are 100 centimeters in 1 meter. So, 3 meters is 300 centimeters (3×100).

Scheduling and Events: Planning events or recurring tasks involves multiples. If a bus departs every 15 minutes, the departure times are multiples of 15 minutes past the hour.

* **Music:** Musical rhythms and beats are often based on multiples. A common time signature like 4/4 means there are four beats per measure, and each measure is a multiple of four.

Different Types of Multiples: Expanding Your Understanding

While the basic definition of a multiple is straightforward, we can categorize them further.

Positive Multiples

These are the multiples we've been discussing – the results of multiplying a number by positive whole numbers (1, 2, 3, ...). For example, positive multiples of 5 are 5, 10, 15, 20...

Negative Multiples

In mathematics, we also consider negative whole numbers. So, negative multiples of a number are the results of multiplying it by negative integers (-1, -2, -3, ...). For example, negative multiples of 3 would include -3, -6, -9, -12... These are less commonly introduced at the elementary level but are important in higher mathematics.

Zero as a Multiple

A special case is zero. When you multiply any number by zero, the result is always zero. Therefore, zero is considered a multiple of every number. This might seem a bit unusual at first, but it fits the definition perfectly: $\text{number} \times 0 = 0$.

How to Find Multiples: Practical Techniques

Let's look at some practical ways to identify multiples.

Method 1: Multiplication

This is the most direct method. To find the first few multiples of a number, simply multiply it by 1, 2, 3, 4, and so on. * Multiples of 8: $8 \times 1 = 8$, $8 \times 2 = 16$, $8 \times 3 = 24$, $8 \times 4 = 32$...

Method 2: Repeated Addition (Skip Counting)

As mentioned earlier, this is a great visual and conceptual tool. * Multiples of 7: Start with 7. Add 7 to get 14. Add 7 to 14 to get 21. Continue adding 7.

Method 3: Checking for Divisibility

If you're given a number and asked if it's a multiple of another number, you can check for divisibility. A number 'A' is a multiple of number 'B' if 'A' divided by 'B' results in a whole

number with no remainder. * Is 36 a multiple of 9? Yes, because $36 \div 9 = 4$ (a whole number). * Is 40 a multiple of 6? No, because $40 \div 6 = 6$ with a remainder of 4. This divisibility check is fundamental to understanding factors and is a key skill in arithmetic.

Common Questions About Multiples

Let's address some frequently asked questions to solidify your understanding.

What is the smallest multiple of a number?

The smallest *positive* multiple of any non-zero number is the number itself (when multiplied by 1). For example, the smallest positive multiple of 5 is 5. However, if we include zero, then zero is the smallest multiple of any number.

Are there infinitely many multiples?

Yes! Since you can multiply any number by an infinite sequence of whole numbers (1, 2, 3, ...), there will always be an endless supply of new multiples.

What's the difference between a multiple and a factor?

This is a common point of confusion! They are inverse concepts. * **Multiple:** The result of multiplying a number by a whole number. (e.g., 12 is a multiple of 3). * **Factor:** A number that divides another number exactly, without a remainder. (e.g., 3 is a factor of 12). So, if 'a' is a multiple of 'b', then 'b' is a factor of 'a'.

What are the first five multiples of 11?

To find these, we multiply 11 by the first five whole numbers: $11 \times 1 = 11$ $11 \times 2 = 22$ $11 \times 3 = 33$ $11 \times 4 = 44$ $11 \times 5 = 55$ So, the first five multiples of 11 are 11, 22, 33, 44, and 55.

Bringing It All Together: The Power of Multiples

Understanding **what are multiples in maths** is more than just memorizing a definition. It's about grasping a fundamental concept that unlocks a deeper appreciation for the structure and patterns within numbers. From the simple rhythm of skip counting to the essential role they play in adding fractions and solving complex problems, multiples are indispensable tools in a mathematician's toolkit. Whether you're a student just beginning your mathematical journey or an adult looking to refresh your knowledge, embracing multiples will undoubtedly enhance your understanding and confidence in mathematics. So next time you encounter a repeating number sequence or a division problem, remember the powerful, underlying concept of multiples – the building blocks of our numerical world!

What Are Multiples in Mathematics? Understanding multiples is fundamental to grasping core mathematical concepts and building a strong foundation in number theory. At its essence, a multiple refers to the result of multiplying a whole number, known as the base, by another integer. For example, when we take the number 3 and multiply it by 1, 2, 3, 4, and so on, the values 3, 6, 9, 12, and so forth are all multiples of 3

Understanding Multiples in Mathematics: A Comprehensive Guide

In the fascinating world of mathematics, understanding fundamental concepts is crucial for building a strong foundation. One such foundational concept, often encountered early in a student's mathematical journey, is that of **multiples**. While seemingly simple, multiples are the building blocks for many more advanced mathematical ideas, including factors, least common multiples (LCM), and even prime factorization. This detailed, analytical article aims to demystify multiples, exploring their definition, properties, and practical applications, making it an indispensable resource for students, educators, and anyone seeking to deepen their mathematical understanding.

We'll delve into what multiples are, how to identify them, and the various ways they manifest in different mathematical contexts. Our exploration will be enriched with clear examples and insights into why mastering multiples is so important for overall mathematical proficiency. So, let's embark on this enlightening journey into the realm of multiples in maths.

What Exactly Are Multiples in Maths?

At its core, a multiple of a number is the result of multiplying that number by an integer. Think of it as a sequence of numbers you get when you "count by" a particular number. For instance, if we consider the number 3, its multiples are obtained by multiplying 3 by 1, 2, 3, 4, and so on.

Mathematically, if 'a' is an integer, then the multiples of a number 'n' are all numbers of the form ' $n \times a$ ', where 'a' can be any integer (positive, negative, or zero).

Defining Multiples with Examples

To solidify this definition, let's look at some concrete examples:

- 1. Multiples of 4:** $4 \times 1 = 4$, $4 \times 2 = 8$, $4 \times 3 = 12$, $4 \times 4 = 16$, $4 \times 5 = 20$... The multiples of 4 are 4, 8, 12, 16, 20, and so on. We can also include $4 \times 0 = 0$ and even negative multiples like $4 \times (-1) = -4$, $4 \times (-2) = -8$.
- 2. Multiples of 7:** 7, 14, 21, 28, 35, 42...
- 3. Multiples of 10:** 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60... Notice a pattern? Multiples of 10 always end

in a zero.

The set of multiples for any given number is infinite. This is because you can continue multiplying by larger and larger integers indefinitely. When we talk about "the multiples of a number" without further qualification, we usually refer to the positive multiples.

The Concept of "Counting By"

The idea of "counting by" is a very intuitive way to grasp multiples, especially for younger learners. If you're asked to count by 5s, you'd say 5, 10, 15, 20, 25... These are precisely the positive multiples of 5.

This "counting by" method directly illustrates the repetitive addition inherent in multiplication. Each step in counting by 5s is like adding 5 to the previous number: 5, $5+5=10$, $10+5=15$, $15+5=20$, and so forth.

How to Find Multiples

Finding multiples is a straightforward process. The primary methods involve multiplication and repetitive addition.

Using Multiplication

As we've seen, the most direct way to find multiples is to multiply the given number by a sequence of integers. To find the first five multiples of 6:

1. $6 \times 1 = 6$
2. $6 \times 2 = 12$
3. $6 \times 3 = 18$
4. $6 \times 4 = 24$
5. $6 \times 5 = 30$

So, the first five positive multiples of 6 are 6, 12, 18, 24, and 30.

Using Repetitive Addition

This method is particularly useful for visualizing and understanding the concept. To find the multiples of 9 using repetitive addition:

1. Start with 9 (9×1).
2. Add 9 to the previous result: $9 + 9 = 18$ (9×2).
3. Add 9 again: $18 + 9 = 27$ (9×3).
4. Continue this process: $27 + 9 = 36$ (9×4), $36 + 9 = 45$ (9×5).

The multiples of 9 are 9, 18, 27, 36, 45, and so on.

Identifying if a Number is a Multiple

A key skill related to multiples is determining if a given number is a multiple of another. To do this, you can use division. If a number 'X' is a multiple of 'Y', then 'X' divided by 'Y' will result in a whole number with no remainder.

Example: Is 24 a multiple of 6?

$24 \div 6 = 4$. Since 4 is a whole number, 24 is a multiple of 6.

Example: Is 25 a multiple of 6?

$25 \div 6 = 4$ with a remainder of 1. Since there is a remainder, 25 is not a multiple of 6.

This division test is a fundamental check for divisibility and is closely tied to the concept of factors. A number 'Y' is a factor of 'X' if 'X' is a multiple of 'Y'.

Properties of Multiples

Multiples exhibit several interesting properties that are important for understanding number theory and advanced mathematical concepts.

The Zero Multiple

As mentioned earlier, any number multiplied by zero results in zero. Therefore, 0 is a multiple of every integer. While this might seem trivial, its inclusion is mathematically consistent with the definition of multiples.

Common Multiples

When we consider two or more numbers, we can find their **common multiples** – numbers that are multiples of each of those numbers. This concept is crucial for understanding the **Least Common Multiple (LCM)**.

Example: Find the common multiples of 3 and 4.

1. Multiples of 3: 3, 6, 9, 12, 15, 18, 21, 24, 27, 30, 33, 36...
2. Multiples of 4: 4, 8, 12, 16, 20, 24, 28, 32, 36...

The common multiples of 3 and 4 are 12, 24, 36, and so on. The smallest of these common multiples (excluding zero) is the Least Common Multiple (LCM), which in this case is 12.

Properties related to Operations

1. **Addition/Subtraction:** If 'a' is a multiple of 'n', and 'b' is a multiple of 'n', then their sum ($a + b$) and their difference ($a - b$) are also multiples of 'n'.
2. **Multiplication:** If 'a' is a multiple of 'n', then ' $a \times k$ ' is also a multiple of 'n' for any

integer 'k'.

The Significance of Multiples in Mathematics

Understanding multiples is not just about memorizing a definition or performing simple calculations. It's a foundational skill that unlocks a deeper comprehension of various mathematical areas.

Building Blocks for Factors and Divisibility

The concept of multiples is intrinsically linked to factors. If a number 'A' is a multiple of a number 'B', then 'B' is a factor of 'A'. Conversely, if 'B' is a factor of 'A', then 'A' is a multiple of 'B'. This reciprocal relationship is fundamental to understanding divisibility rules, prime factorization, and the structure of numbers.

The Least Common Multiple (LCM)

As demonstrated earlier, finding common multiples is a prerequisite for understanding the LCM. The LCM is a vital tool in arithmetic, particularly when adding or subtracting fractions with different denominators. To add $\frac{1}{3}$ and $\frac{1}{4}$, we need to find a common denominator, which is often the LCM of 3 and 4. In this case, the LCM is 12. This allows us to rewrite the fractions as $\frac{4}{12}$ and $\frac{3}{12}$, making addition straightforward: $\frac{4}{12} + \frac{3}{12} = \frac{7}{12}$.

Prime Factorization

Prime factorization involves breaking down a number into its prime factors. Understanding multiples helps in grasping this concept. For example, to prime factorize 12, we're looking for prime numbers whose product is 12. We know 12 is a multiple of 2 (2×6) and a multiple of 3 (3×4). By repeatedly breaking down the composite factors, we arrive at the prime factorization: $12 = 2 \times 2 \times 3$.

Algebra and Beyond

Even in algebra, the concept of multiples persists. When we talk about expressions like $2x$, $3y$, or $5z$, we are essentially discussing multiples of variables. The properties of multiples extend to algebraic manipulation, helping us simplify equations and understand relationships between different terms.

Real-World Applications

The practical utility of multiples is evident in everyday life and various professions:

- Scheduling:** If event A happens every 3 hours and event B happens every 4 hours, finding when they will next coincide involves finding the LCM of 3 and 4.

2. **Measurement:** Converting units often involves multiples. For example, knowing there are 100 centimeters in a meter means meters are multiples of centimeters.
3. **Baking and Cooking:** Recipes are often scaled up or down. If a recipe serves 4 and you need to serve 8, you double the ingredients – effectively working with multiples of the original quantities.
4. **Resource Allocation:** In logistics and planning, determining when resources will be needed in conjunction can involve calculating multiples to ensure efficient deployment.

Common Misconceptions and Clarifications

While the concept of multiples is generally well-understood, some common points of confusion can arise.

Multiples vs. Factors

The most frequent mix-up is between multiples and factors. It's crucial to remember:

1. **Multiples:** Results of multiplying a number by an integer (e.g., multiples of 3 are 3, 6, 9...).
2. **Factors:** Numbers that divide evenly into another number (e.g., factors of 12 are 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 12).

A number is always a multiple of its factors, and its factors are always multiples of 1.

Positive vs. All Integers

As stated, the definition technically includes zero and negative multiples. However, in many introductory contexts, the focus is solely on positive multiples. It's important to be aware of the broader definition when tackling more advanced problems.

The Number Itself

A common question is whether a number is a multiple of itself. Yes, it is! Every number is a multiple of itself, as $n \times 1 = n$. This is its first positive multiple.

Conclusion

Multiples in mathematics are far more than just a simple arithmetic concept; they are a foundational pillar upon which much of our understanding of numbers is built. From identifying patterns through repetitive addition to calculating the least common multiple for fraction arithmetic, the utility of multiples is vast and pervasive. By mastering the definition, methods of finding, and properties of multiples, students and learners gain a powerful tool for problem-solving and a deeper appreciation for the interconnectedness of mathematical ideas. Whether you're a student grappling with basic arithmetic or a

professional looking to refresh your understanding, a firm grasp of multiples is an investment that pays dividends throughout your mathematical journey.

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Organization is another often overlooked advantage. Digital libraries can be sorted, tagged, and backed up easily. Readers can maintain structured collections without physical clutter. When information is well organized, it becomes easier to revisit ideas and build upon previous learning.

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companion—supporting reflection, skill development, and intellectual growth in a world where learning never truly stops.

Questions & Answers About what are multiples in maths

No	Question	Answer
1	What's the deal with multiples? Are they just fancy multiplication facts?	Think of multiples as the 'products' you get when you multiply a number by any whole number (like 1, 2, 3, and so on). So, yes, they are directly related to multiplication facts! For example, the multiples of 3 are 3, 6, 9, 12, etc., which are 3×1 , 3×2 , 3×3 , 3×4 ...
2	Can you give me a quick way to find the multiples of a number, say 7?	Absolutely! To find multiples of 7, just keep adding 7 to itself: 7, 14, 21, 28, 35, and so on. Alternatively, you can multiply 7 by consecutive whole numbers: $7 \times 1 = 7$, $7 \times 2 = 14$, $7 \times 3 = 21$, etc.
3	What's the difference between a factor and a multiple?	This is a common point of confusion! Factors are numbers that divide evenly into another number. Multiples are the numbers you get when you multiply a number by a whole number. For example, for the number 12, its factors are 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, and 12. Its multiples are 12, 24, 36, 48, etc.
4	Why are multiples important? When would I actually use them in real life?	Multiples pop up surprisingly often! They help in tasks like sharing items equally among groups (finding common multiples), scheduling recurring events (like a bus that runs every 15 minutes), or even figuring out how many pieces you need if you're cutting something into equal lengths.
5	What's a 'common multiple,' and why is it useful?	A common multiple is a number that's a multiple of two or more different numbers. They're super useful for problems where you need to find a point where things align. For instance, if one event happens every 4 days and another every 6 days, their common multiples tell you when both events will happen on the same day.
6	Is there a limit to how many multiples a number has?	Nope, there's no limit! Since you can multiply a number by infinitely many whole numbers (1, 2, 3, ... all the way up), a number has an infinite number of multiples. The list just keeps going and going!

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